

NAME

cmdtool – run a shell (or other program) in an OpenWindows enhanced terminal window

SYNOPSIS

cmdtool [**-C**] [**-M** *bytes*] [**-P** *count*] [**-B** *boldstyle*] [**-I** *command*] [*generic-tool-arguments*] [*program* [*program-arguments*]]

AVAILABILITY

This command is available with the OpenWindows user environment. For information about installing OpenWindows, refer to the *OpenWindows Installation and Start-Up Guide*.

DESCRIPTION

cmdtool is the standard *OpenWindows* support facility for shells and other programs. When invoked, **cmdtool** runs a program (usually a shell) in a text-based command window. Characters typed on the keyboard are inserted at the caret. If the program is a shell, that shell accepts and runs commands in the usual manner. **cmdtool** also supports programs that perform cursor motions directly, such as **vi**(1).

The text of the current command line can be edited using normal **textedit**(1) functions. The command window displays a log of the session, which can be scrolled through using the scrollbar (unless the escape command mode is in effect). This log can be edited, and saved by choosing the ‘**Store as New File**’ item in the text facility’s pop-up menu.

OPTIONS

- C** Console **cmdtool**. Redirect system console output to this shelltool. Display console messages in this **cmdtool**, which might otherwise appear in unexpected places on the workstation screen. Since a **cmdtool** window can be scrolled, console error messages can be recorded for later examination.
 - M** *bytes* Set the log to wrap-around after the indicated number of *bytes*.
 - P** *count* Checkpoint the log after every set of *count* editing operations.
 - B** *boldstyle* Set the style for displaying bold text to *boldstyle*. *boldstyle* can be a string specifying one of the choices for the **term.boldstyle** default, see **Defaults Options**, below, or it may be a numerical value for one of those choices, from 0 to 8, corresponding to the placement of the choice in the list.
 - I** *command* Pass *command* to the shell. SPACE characters within the command must be escaped.
- generic-tool-arguments* **cmdtool** accepts the generic tool arguments listed in **xview**(1).
- program* [*program-arguments*]
- If a *program* argument is present, **cmdtool** runs it and passes any remaining arguments to that *program*. If no *program* is given, **cmdtool** runs the program indicated by the **SHELL** environment variable, or **/bin/sh** by default.

USAGE

.Xdefaults File Options

You can specify a number of defaults using the options in the **.Xdefaults** file that effect the behavior of **cmdtool**. The ones of interest are those that begin with **text**, **term**, or **keyboard**. See **xview**(1) for more detailed information.

cmdtool Windows

The window created by **cmdtool** is based on the text facility that is described in the **textedit** man page. The user is given a prompt at which to type commands and pop-up menus from which to select command options.

cmdtool windows support cursor motions, using an **/etc/termcap** entry called **sun-cmd**. Command windows automatically set the **TERM** environment variable to **sun-cmd**. So, if you **rlogin**(1C) to a machine that does not have an entry for **sun-cmd** in its **/etc/termcap** file, the error message ‘**Type sun-cmd unknown**’ r ‘**set TERM=sun**’. Programs written using the **curses**(3X) or **curses**(3V) library packages will work in a command window, but programs hard-coded for **sun**-type terminals may not. When supporting a

program that performs cursor motions, the command window automatically takes on the characteristics of a tty window (as with **shelltool**(1)). When that program terminates or sleeps, the full command window functionality is restored.

cmdtool supports programs that use CBREAK and NO ECHO terminal modes. This support is normally invisible to the user. However, programs that use RAW mode, such as **rlogin**(1C) and **script**(1), inhibit command-line editing with the mouse. In this case, however, tty-style ERASE, word-kill and line-kill characters can still be used to edit the current command line.

The **cmdtool** Menu

The **cmdtool** window menu is called the **Term Pane** menu and contains the following options and their submenus:

History	Creates a list of commands used during the cmdtool session.
Mode	<p>Editable You can edit the contents of the window.</p> <p>Read Only You can only read from the window.</p>
Store Log as new file	Create a new file that contains the contents of the log.
Clear log	Clears all entries from the log.
Edit	Provides a set of editing functions for this window.
Again	Repeats the last action.
Undo	<p>Undo Last Edit Undoes the last edit made in cmdtool.</p> <p>Undo All Edits Undoes all edits made during this session of cmdtool.</p>
Copy	Makes a copy of the selected text and places it on the clipboard.
Paste	Pastes a copy of the text stored on the clipboard at the cursor location.
Cut	Deletes the selected text.
	Provides a set of find and replace functions.
	<p>Find and Replace Brings up a pop-up menu containing text fields and command buttons that allow you to search forward and backward through the file being edited for specific text strings. Allows you to specify options for the replacement of text.</p> <p>Find Selection</p> <p>Forward Searches forward to find a selected text string.</p> <p>Backward Searches backward to find a selected text string.</p> <p>Find Marked Text Brings up a pop-up menu that allows you to find text that is included between specified bracket pairs. Also allows you to insert or remove bracket pairs around selected text.</p> <p>Replace >field< > Allows you to replace selected text forward and backward throughout the file.</p>
Extras	<p>A user-definable pull-right menu controlled by the <code>/usr/lib/.text_extras_menu</code> file. This can be overridden in two ways:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Change the value of the <code>.Xdefaults</code> parameter text.extrasMenuFilename to the correct file path. 2) Set the environment variable EXTRASMENU to the file desired. <p>Note that option 1 overrides option 2 if both are used. For more information see the <i>DeskSet Environment Reference Guide</i>.</p>

File Editor

- Enable** Allows you to edit files from within **cmdtool**.
Disable Turns off the ability to edit files from within **cmdtool**.

Scrolling**Enables Scrolling**

Enables scrolling within **cmdtool**.

Disable Scrolling

Turns off the ability to scroll within **cmdtool**. Once scrolling in **cmdtool** is **disabled**, its **functionality** is identical to **shelltool** and a more restricted menu appears. Selecting the **Enable Scrolling** option from the restricted menu restores the full menu and functionality of **cmdtool**.

User Defined Keyboard Remapping

The file `~/textswrc` specifies filter programs that are assigned to (available) function keys. These filters are applied to the contents of the primary selection. Their output is entered at the caret.

Accelerators

Text facility accelerators that are especially useful in command windows are described here. See **textedit(1)** for more information.

CTRL-RETURN Position the caret at the bottom, and scroll it into view as determined by **Text.LowerContext**.

CAPS-lock

Toggle between all-upper-case keyboard input, and mixed-case.

FILES

`/tmp/tty.txt.pid` log file
`~/textswrc`
`~/ttyswrc`
`usr/lib/.text_extras_menu`
`$HOME/.TextExtraMenu`
`/etc/termcap`
`/usr/bin/sh`

SEE ALSO

rlogin(1C), **script(1)**, **shelltool(1)**, **textedit(1)**, **vi(1)**, **xview(1)**, **curses(3V)**, **curses(3X)**

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BUGS

Typing ahead while **cmdtool** changes between its scrollable and cursor motion modes will sometimes freeze **cmdtool**.

Full terminal emulation is not complete. Some manifestations of this deficiency are:

- File completion in the C shell does not work.
- Enhanced display of text is not supported.